

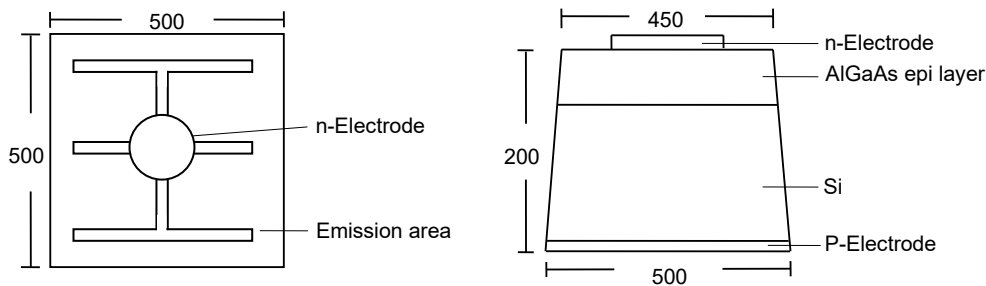
■ Features :

- Suitable for New Creative Products
- High Power
- High Performance
- Superior Thermal Stability

■ Typical Applications :

- Night Vision
- Camera
- Outdoor/Indoor applications

■ Outline Dimensions : (Unit: μm)



■ Physical Structure :

LED Chip dimension	Chip size	500 μm x 500 μm
	Thickness	200 \pm 25 μm
	Emission area	450 μm
	Bonding pad	125 μm
Electrode	Top: N (cathode)	Gold
	Backside: P (anode)	Gold

$^{\circ}\text{C}$

■ Electro-Optical Characteristics : ($T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Forward voltage	V_{FH}	$I_F = 150 \text{ mA}$	2.60	-	3.0	V
Reverse current	I_R	$V_R = 10\text{V}$	-	-	1	μA
Radiant Power	P_o	$I_F = 150 \text{ mA}$	60	-	90	mW
Wavelength	λ_P	$I_F = 150 \text{ mA}$	940	-	950	nm
Spectral width at half height	$\Delta\lambda$	$I_F = 150 \text{ mA}$	-	35	-	nm

■ Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curve:

Fig 1. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

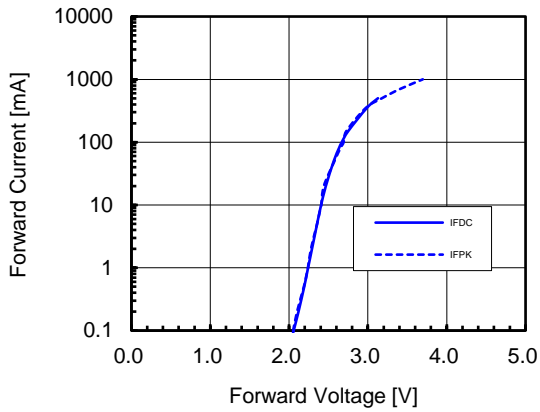


Fig 2. Relative Radiant Power vs. Wavelength

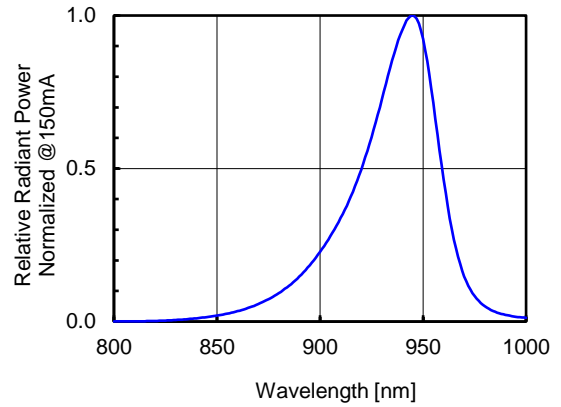


Fig 3. Relative Radiant Power vs. Forward DC Current

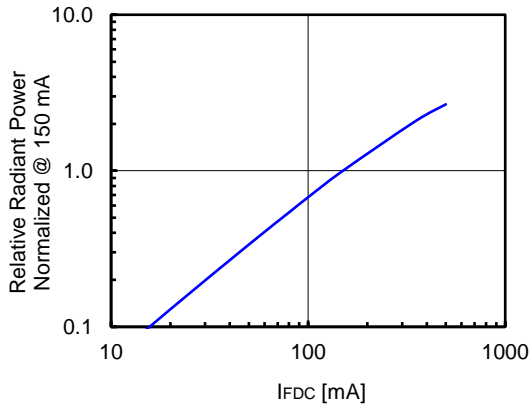


Fig 4. Relative Radiant Power vs. Forward Peak Current

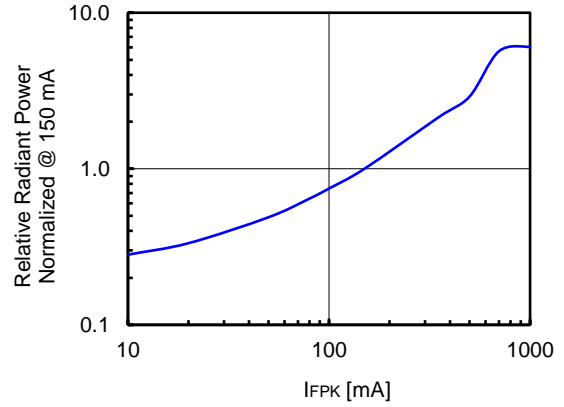


Fig 5. Forward DC Voltage vs. Temperature

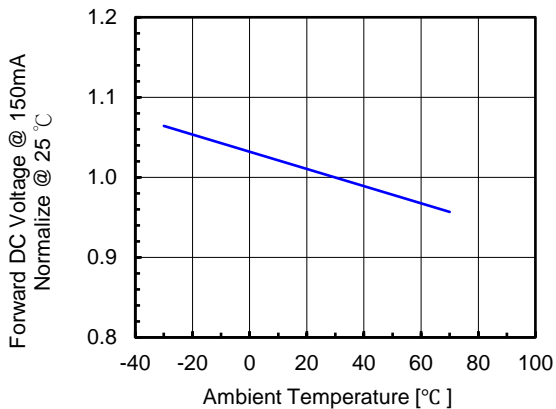


Fig 6. Relative Radiant Power vs. Temperature

